



## A Global Litmus Test of Games Based Teaching and Coaching

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## Litmus test

something such as an opinion about a political or moral issue that is used to make a judgment about whether someone or something is

not base

acceptable



#### **Game-Based Approaches**

- Student-centered and inquiry-based approaches to games teaching and coaching
- 2. GBAs promote individual engagement and team learning
- 3. Emphasis on learner <u>reflection</u>, complexity thinking and <u>social</u> <u>interaction</u>

## Bunker and Thorpe (1982)

Teaching Games for Understanding (TGfU)

- a growing number of GBA variations have been suggested
- these variations share <u>similar ideas</u> about game teaching and coaching
- the implementation of GBAs has become challenging

## Aim of the study

To explore the extent of the use of GBAs in different countries across the world

## Methodology

Following a call from the TGfU SIG Executive Board

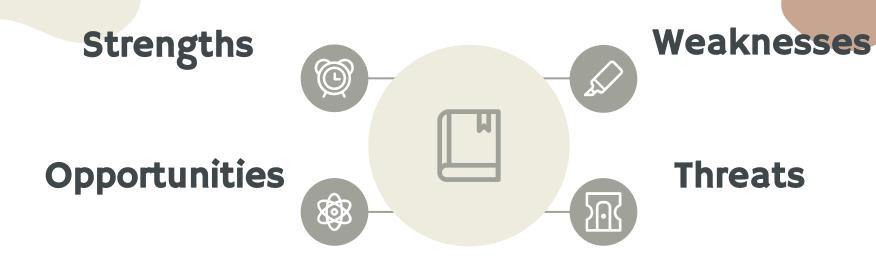
**Twelve GBA experts**, and members of the TGfU SIG International Advisory Board (IAB), participated in the study

Each expert was representing a different country

#### Different countries

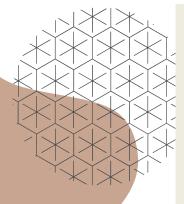


## **SWOT Analysis**



### **Data collection and Analysis**

#### **Notes**



- key structural and contextual aspects of GBAs in each country (e.g., PE teaching, sport coaching, teacher/coach education and professional development)
- 2. critical reflective analysis on topics
- **3. thematic analysis** based on the debriefing of the commonalities that were identified across the different topics.



#### Themes based on Comonallities

SWOT				
Strengths	Academic Recognition of GBAs	Pedagogical Value of GBAs		
Weaknesses	Theory-Practice disconnections	Simplistic Pedagogies		
Opportunities	Community Advocacy	Professional Networking		
Threats	Narrow Mindness	Rigid Pedagogies		

## Strengths

# # GBAs are GBAs are appropriate for Most increasingly education Universities implemented included GBA into teacher *Inquiry-based* courses in their education focus = program of programs and relevant to all studies practical movement courses forms of the PE curriculum

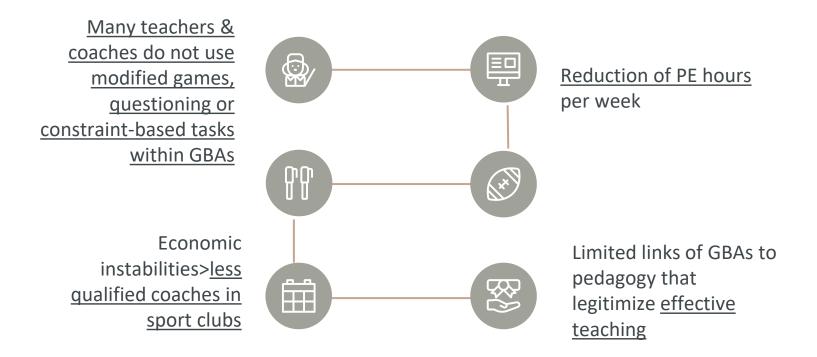
#### Weaknesses

Coaching dominated by Limited resources for technical approaches GBA teaching in **local** languages Sport clubs or out-of-Coaches often treat school settings use young players as minigames as a reward adults

## **Opportunities**

#	#	#	#
Several associations are beginning to modify the competition regulations at the training levels	digital technologies to make the use of GBAs easier for younger teachers/ coaches	GBAs across  different sports/ Programs (recreation/ leisure education, specialist programs)	GBA researcher & practitioner network

#### **Threats**



## Discussion

#### **Based on results**

GBA experts seem to have a <u>common SWOT perspective</u> about the structure and value of GBAs, even though they use different GBA variants in their countries

Participants' perceptions of the value and logic of GBAs seems to be obtained <u>rather</u> because of their <u>shared academic knowledge with GBAs</u> than via the GBA variant they use.

#### **Conclusions**



**GBAs** 

Unifying SWOT perspectives



**GBA** experts

Need to create a new narrative about the field and its practices



**GBA** variants

Production of new cultural capital to move the community forward

"We advocate for the adoption of a shared framework to GBA use, as modified game-practice that sets the base for developing thoughtful, creative, intelligent, and skillful players"

**TGFU SIG & IAB members** 

# Thank you for your attention

Do you have any questions?







